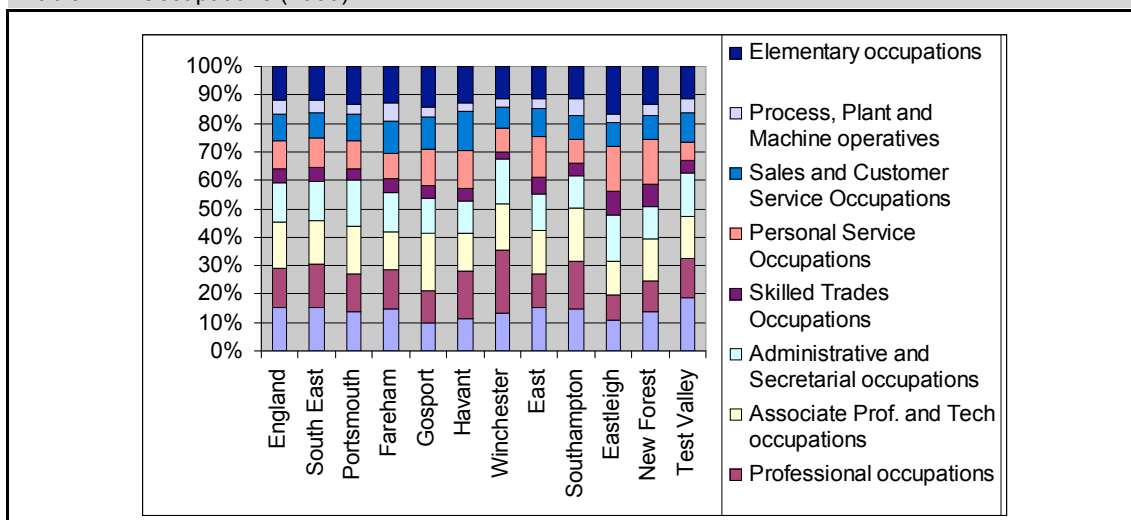


PUSH occupational distribution & skills

- A.1 The South East is above the England average in terms of knowledge economy inputs measured by proportion of knowledge workers in the workforce, economic activity, and employment in high-tech sectors.¹
- A.2 The Annual Population Survey (ONS, 2005) shows that the distribution of occupations in the South East follows very closely the distribution at a national level.² Managers and senior officials and professional occupations account for a very slightly higher proportion of jobs in the South East. On the other hand, sales and customer service occupations and process, plant and machine operatives account for lower proportion of jobs in the South than England as a whole, but these occupations are more likely to be employed in the PUSH local authority areas.

Table A-1 Occupations (2005)



Source: Annual population survey, 2005

- A.3 The table below shows the occupational distribution in the PUSH area across all sectors.

¹ Learning and Skills Council (South East Research and Analysis Task Group), September 2005, South East Learning and Skills Needs Assessment, 2005 Update, version 2, p43

² This conflicts with a chart, based on Annual Population Survey data, that is shown on p42 of Learning and Skills Council (South East Research and Analysis Task Group), September 2005, South East Learning and Skills Needs Assessment, 2005 Update, version 2, p40

Table A-2 Occupation distribution in the PUSH area

	Managers and senior	Profess- -ional	Associate Prof & Tech	Administra tive and Secretarial	Skilled Trades	Personal Service	Sales and customer service	Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	Elementary occupations
<i>England</i>	15%	14.2%	16.1%	14.0%	4.6%	10.0%	9.3%	4.8%	12.0%
<i>South East</i>	15.5%	15.2%	15.7%	13.8%	4.8%	10.3%	8.9%	3.9%	11.7%
<i>PUSH area</i>	13.7%	14.3%	15.6%	14.0%	5.1%	10.9%	8.4%	3.9%	12.8%
East Hampshire	15%	12%	15%	13%	6%	14%	10%	4%	11%
Eastleigh	11%	9%	12%	16%	9%	16%	8%	3%	17%
Fareham	15%	14%	13%	14%	5%	9%	11%	6%	13%
Gosport	10%	11%	20%	12%	5%	13%	11%	3%	14%
Havant	11%	17%	13%	12%	4%	13%	14%	3%	13%
Portsmouth	14%	13%	17%	17%	4%	10%	9%	3%	13%
Southampton	15%	17%	19%	11%	5%	8%	9%	6%	11%
Test Valley	19%	14%	15%	15%	5%	6%	11%	4%	12%
Winchester	13%	22%	16%	16%	3%	9%	7%	3%	11%

Source: ONS, annual population survey - workplace analysis 2005 data

Qualifications and skills structure of the PUSH economy

- A.4 The South East and PUSH both comprise a highly qualified workforce. Nearly a third of people in the South East were qualified to NVQ Level 4 and above, higher than England as whole. Generally, the local authorities within the PUSH area have a lower proportion of skilled people (with qualifications at NVQ level 3+) than the South East, apart from East Hampshire and Winchester which both have a greater proportion of people skilled to NVQ level 3+ (63.7%) and NVQ level 4+ (46.5%).
- A.5 Compared to the South East, the PUSH area local authorities have a greater proportion of people with Trade Apprenticeships and NVQ1 level qualifications. Gosport and Havant had relatively higher proportions with no qualifications than other areas in PUSH, and significantly higher than the South East as a whole.

Table A-3 Qualifications distribution in the PUSH area

	NVQ4+	NVQ3+	NVQ2+	NVQ1+	Other qualifications	No Qualifications
<i>England</i>	27.1%	44.9%	63.3%	77.6%	8.7%	13.6%
<i>South East</i>	30.5%	49.4%	68.0%	82.7%	7.7%	9.6%
<i>PUSH</i>	32.1%	53.6%	75.5%	93.3%	6.3%	11.2%
East Hampshire	28.7%	48.1%	73.8%	87.4%	7.0%	5.6%
Eastleigh	32.6%	51%	72.8%	85%	4.7%	10.3%
Fareham	30.0%	47.2%	68.0%	87.3%	4.0%	8.7%
Gosport	22.8%	39.4%	59.3%	82.9%	2.1%	15.1%
Havant	19.6%	35.8%	55.9%	77.9%	4.4%	17.7%
New Forest	29.4%	52.1%	71.4%	86.7%	5.8%	7.5%
Portsmouth	23.8%	42.9%	61.0%	77.2%	9.3%	13.5%
Southampton	26.2%	48.4%	65.5%	82.2%	7.2%	10.5%
Test Valley	29.5%	54.2%	73.1%	85.6%	6.5%	7.9%
Winchester	46.5%	63.7%	78.7%	87.9%	8.2%	3.9%

Source: ONS, annual population survey, 2006 data

- A.6 Between 2000 and 2005, the working age population grew increasingly qualified in the South East, and at a faster rate than England as a whole. In the PUSH area, the proportion of working-age people with qualifications at NVQ level 3+ increased for all PUSH local authorities with the exception of Fareham and New Forest. The majority of PUSH local authority areas experienced a greater increase in the proportion of people with qualifications at NVQ level 4+, compared to the South East.
- A.7 The 2003 Skills for Life Survey provides data on levels of literacy, numeracy, ICT and ESOL skills obtained by individuals surveyed, by local LSC area. Nearly half of those surveyed in the PUSH local authorities had literacy skills at level 2, with Winchester and East Hampshire with substantially higher proportions at this level. The adult population of Portsmouth and Southampton had the largest proportions with entry-level literacy skills in the PUSH area. In the LSC H&IoW area as a whole, larger proportions of adults had entry level numeracy skills than at levels 1 and 2, including more than half of adults in Southampton. East Hampshire and Winchester had the highest proportions with level 2 numeracy skills (32% and 33% respectively).

Table A-4 Distribution of basic numeracy skills in the PUSH area, 2003

Local Authority District	Entry Level	Level 1	Level 2
East Hampshire District	34%	34%	32%
Eastleigh District	44%	31%	24%
Fareham District	38%	35%	27%
Gosport District	53%	28%	19%
Havant District	50%	34%	16%
New Forest District	44%	31%	24%
Test Valley District	42%	30%	28%
Winchester District	29%	38%	33%
Portsmouth	49%	32%	21%

Source: 2003 Skills for Life Survey, http://www.dfes.gov.uk/readwriteplus_skillsforlivesurvey/statics/lsc_SE280_1.shtml

Table A-5 Distribution of basic literacy skills in the PUSH area, 2003

Local Authority District	Entry Level	Level 1	Level 2
East Hampshire District	5%	42%	53%
Eastleigh District	7%	45%	48%
Fareham District	7%	41%	52%
Gosport District	9%	47%	43%
Havant District	9%	50%	41%
New Forest District	9%	40%	51%
Test Valley District	7%	39%	55%
Winchester District	5%	36%	59%
Portsmouth	8%	48%	44%

Source: 2003 Skills for Life Survey, http://www.dfes.gov.uk/readwriteplus_skillsforlivesurvey/statics/lsc_SE280_1.shtml